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Control of ZnO Nanostructures via Vapor Transport

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CHEMICAL VAPOR DEPOSITION

Volume: 18 Issue: 10-12 Pages: 282-288

DOI: 10.1002/cvde.201206998 Published: DEC 2012 **View Journal Impact**

Abstract

An adapted form of vapor transport is used for the preparation of zinc oxide (ZnO) nanostructures. Control of substrate, partial pressure, temperature, and deposition time enable the synthesis of seven ZnO samples, each with different morphology. Characterization by X-ray diffraction (XRD), photoluminescence spectroscopy (PLS), and scanning electron microscopy (SEM) shows ZnO forms with a wide range of microstructures such as nano-stars, nano-caterpillars, urchin-like structures, and vertically aligned forests of hexagonal nanorods. Adopting a systematic approach of varying a single parameter from the standard experimental method, enables an understanding of why the resultant morphologies are obtained. In particular, a growth mechanism is proposed whereby hexagonal crystals grow from the catalytic substrate consisting of gold droplets, close to, or at, the melting temperature, supersaturated with zinc and oxygen, allowing propagation of hexagonal parent pillars. Parent pillars then form daughter rods which propagate sideways from the faces with angles tending towards 60 degrees from each other.

Keywords

Author Keywords: ZnO nanostructures; Chemical vapour transport; Nanocatapillars; Pinched tube reactions; Urchin-like structures

KeyWords Plus: FIELD-EMISSION; NANOWIRE ARRAYS; LOW-TEMPERATURE; DEPOSITION; GROWTH; FILMS; NANORODS; SPHERES

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Funding

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Funding Agency	Grant Number
King Abdulaziz University	T/81/429
Ramsay Memorial Trust	

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Publisher

WILEY-V C H VERLAG GMBH, POSTFACH 101161, 69451 WEINHEIM, GERMANY

Categories / Classification

Research Areas: Electrochemistry; Materials Science; Physics

Web of Science Categories: Electrochemistry; Materials Science, Coatings & Films; Physics,

Condensed Matter

Document Information

Document Type: Article Language: English

Accession Number: WOS:000312156200005

ISSN: 0948-1907 elSSN: 1521-3862

Other Information

IDS Number: 051VO

Cited References in Web of Science Core Collection: 29

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